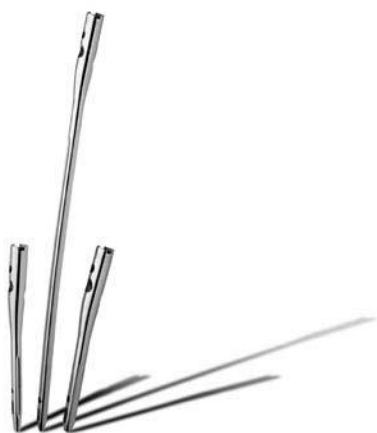




**Zimmer® ITST™
Intertrochanteric/
Subtrochanteric
Fixation System**

Surgical Technique



The functional fit

Surgical Technique for the ITST Intramedullary Nail System

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The *ITST* Intramedullary Nail System is designed to treat unstable, comminuted, proximal fractures of the femur, specifically, the Intertrochanteric and Subtrochanteric regions, thereby combining many of the features of an intramedullary nail and hip screw system. The implant supports the anatomic reduction and internal fixation of the femoral head and neck and provides anti-rotational stability for many difficult fracture situations.

The *ITST* Intramedullary Nail System features a sliding or non-sliding Lag Screw, to help allow for neck fracture settlement, while preventing fragment impaction. The system includes the options for dynamic and static distal locking.

Manufactured from high strength stainless steel alloy (22-13-5), the *ITST* intramedullary nail implants are available in a wide range of diameters, as well as short and long lengths to accommodate total joint prostheses. The *ITST* Lag Screw has a 130° neck-shaft angle, which is the angle that most closely resembles the majority of femoral neck angles. In cases where appropriate, a 6.5mm Anti-Rotation Screw is available for use in combination with the 11mm Lag Screw to help stabilize fracture fragments.

Indications

The *ITST* Intramedullary Nail is indicated for use in a variety of femoral fractures, such as:

- Subtrochanteric Fractures
- Intertrochanteric Fractures
- Comminuted Fractures
- Segmental Fractures
- Fractures with Bone Loss
- Proximal and Distal Fractures
- Nonunions

Note: The surgeon should be aware that the use of the system in osteoporotic bone, or improper placement of the nail could increase the risk of failure or cut out of the implant.

Contraindications

Contraindications include:

- Femoral fractures involving the knee joint
- A medullary canal obliterated by a previous fracture or tumor
- Femoral shaft having grossly abnormal, excessive bow (i.e., curvature deformity)

The implant is contraindicated for use in medial neck fractures. This implant may not provide the required/desired stability when used to treat some medial neck fractures.

Overt systemic infection is an absolute contraindication. For patients that exhibit any of the following, systemic infection must be ruled out to minimize the potential hematogenous spread to the implant site:

- Fever and/or local inflammation signs
- Rapid joint destruction or bone absorption apparent on roentgenograms
- Elevation of sedimentation rate unexplained by other diseases
- Elevation of White Blood Cells (WBC) and/or marked shift in WBC differential

Use of this device is contraindicated in patients with active infection at sites such as the genitourinary tract, pulmonary system, skin, or other sites because hematogenous spread may occur. The foci of infection must be treated and the infection resolved prior to surgery. Routine prophylactic antibiotic treatment immediately before, during, and after surgery may be especially useful for these patients.*

* Nelson, J.P., et. al., Prophylactic Antimicrobial Coverage in Arthroplasty Patients. *J Bone Joint Surg.* 72A(1): 1, 1990

Surgical Technique

Preoperative Planning

The *ITST* Femoral Fixation System implants are designed to place the Lag Screw at 130° with 15° of anteversion on the long nails, to accommodate the most common anatomic femoral neck angle, while minimizing inventory requirements. A/P and lateral C-arm images should be obtained prior to the surgical procedure. The suitability of this implant for the patient should be determined prior to surgery by templating on the X-ray of the affected femur. An A/P preoperative X-ray should be taken of the contralateral hip or of the affected limb once an anatomic reduction has been achieved. X-rays taken at a 36-inch distance from the source result in 10-15 percent magnification of the bone. An Ossimeter, which takes this magnification into account, should be used to help determine the actual nail length and diameter to be used. The angle of the intersection of the femoral shaft axis and femoral neck axis should be observed. The *ITST* Templates reflect a 15 percent magnification of actual size.

Patient Positioning

After anesthesia has been administered, the patient should be placed in either the supine or lateral decubitus position on the table. The sacral rest and perineal post should be well padded. In multiple trauma patients, the supine position may be used for easier access to the patient's airway, as well as to facilitate the treatment of other injuries. The supine position also facilitates fracture reduction and rotational alignment of the femur.

In order to assist in Lag Screw and Anti-Rotation Screw placement, it is essential to obtain excellent quality A/P and lateral images of the entire femoral head and neck prior to beginning the surgery, regardless of which patient position is used.

The use of C-arm or other X-ray imaging is required. The image intensifier, or C-arm, should be sterile-draped and may be positioned from the contralateral side of the operating table. Confirm visualization of the hip as well as the shaft of the femur using C-arm before prepping and draping.

Reduction

It is critical to reduce the fracture before beginning the surgical procedure. An anatomic reduction or a slight valgus reduction of the femoral head and neck, should be seen in the A/P film. Occasionally, a slight sag of the fracture may be seen on the lateral view. This should be taken into consideration during the surgical procedure. This is most important for consideration of the starting point of the Steinmann Pins or cannulated awl into the Femoral head.

Incision and Exposure

Begin the skin incision 1 cm proximal to the tip of the greater trochanter, and extend it proximally for about 5 cm in a longitudinal direction. Continue the incision down through the subcutaneous tissues and split the fascia lata.

Creating the Entry Portal

Place the cannulated awl at the selected starting point (Fig. 1) and confirm its position in both the A/P and lateral planes on c-arm. Advance the cannulated awl through the greater trochanter to the lesser trochanter location.



Fig. 1

Creating the Entry Portal Optional Technique

Locating the correct entry portal in the femur is extremely important. The insertion site for the nail is usually located at the tip of the greater trochanter. Place the 3.2mm Threaded Guide Pin at the selected starting point, and confirm its position in both the A/P and Lateral planes on C-arm.

Check the position with the C-arm. Advance the pin down into the medullary canal approximately 4-5cm. Confirm the position of the pin using the C-arm with A/P and lateral views (Fig. 2). The Center Bushing and cannula may be used to minimize soft tissue disruption (Fig. 3). Place the Centering Bushing over the 3.2mm Threaded Guide Pin to the tip of the greater trochanter. Remove the Centering Bushing, keeping the cannula in place at the greater trochanter. Place the 8mm Trochanteric Reamer over the guide pin and ream the trochanteric region to open the medullary canal (Fig. 4). Remove the Reamer and Threaded Guide Pin.

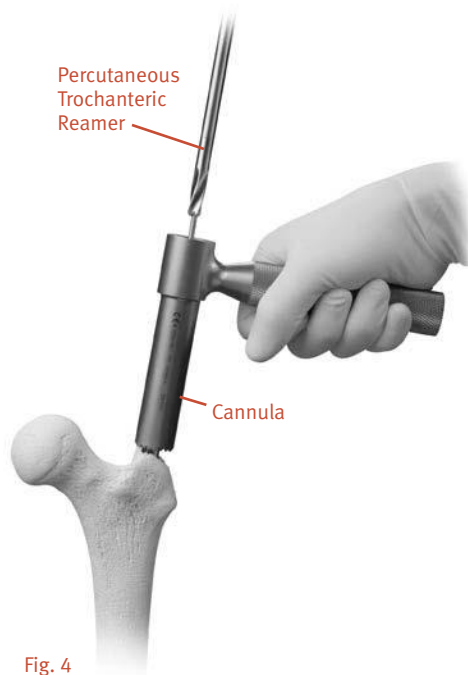


3.2mm Threaded Guide Pin

Fig. 2



Fig. 3



Percutaneous Trochanteric Reamer

Cannula

Fig. 4

Guide Wire Placement

On the back table, attach the 3.0mm Bulb-tipped Guide Wire to the Wire Grip T-Handle, and tighten (Fig. 5). The tip of the Guide Wire may be bent to approximately 45°, to facilitate fracture reduction. **Note: If using a cannulated awl, the 3.0mm Bulb-Tipped Guide Wire may be passed through the cannulated awl without the 45° bend (Fig. 6).** Insert the Guide Wire through the entry hole and manipulate it down the proximal femur across the fracture site. At the fracture site, manipulate the Guide Wire under C-arm control (Fig. 7) across the fracture site. An alternative technique is to reduce the fracture using the Reduction Instruments shown in figure 8. Once in the distal canal, pass the wire to the distal epiphyseal scar. If reduction of the abducted and flexed hip is difficult, place pressure on the proximal fragment, either with the hand or directly with a reduction rod or other instrument.



Fig. 5



Fig. 6



Fig. 7



Fig. 8 Reduction Instruments

Measure

Determine the proper nail length by placing a second guide wire of equal length at the greater trochanter. The length of the wire that is not overlapping is the correct length.

Optional Nail Measurement

Connect the 2 piece Nail Length Gauge. Slide the gauge over the Guide Wire and measure (Fig. 9).



Fig. 9

Reaming

The *ITST* Cannula can be inserted into the incision to protect the soft tissue. Thread the Centering Bushing into the Cannula and place the Cannula firmly against the bone. Remove Centering Bushing. Ream the femoral canal sequentially in 0.5mm increments using the *Pressure Sentinel*® Intramedullary Reaming System (Fig. 10). Ream until cortical chatter is experienced. Based on bone quality, nail diameter is 1-2mm less than the last reamer used.

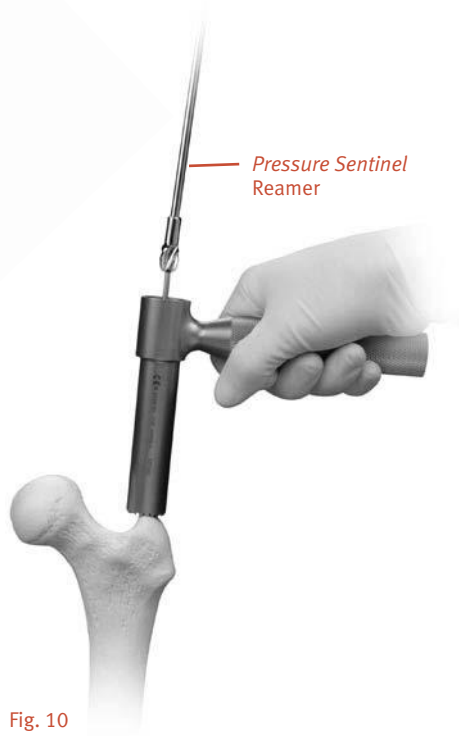


Fig. 10

Over-reaming the canal by one or two millimeters may facilitate preparation of the bone to accommodate the implant. The trochanteric region should be reamed to 17mm in diameter in hard bone to accommodate the implant, using the Trochanteric Reamer (Fig. 11). Use caution in advancing the Trochanteric Reamer. An alternative to reaming with the trochanteric reamer is to sequentially ream with a *Pressure Sentinel* Intramedullary Reamer to desired diameter.

Ream to the level of the lesser trochanter, to accommodate the implant by advancing the reamer into the proximal canal opening until the reamer flutes are sunk to the level of the lesser trochanter (Fig. 12). Confirm position using the C-arm. Replace the Bulb-Tipped Guide Wire with the Smooth Guide Wire through the Exchange Tube (Fig. 13).

Note: If using a new 3.0mm Ball-Tip Guide Wire that DOES have a gold-coated end [Part numbers 00-2255-008-01 or 47-2255-008-11 (sterile)]:

The Ball-Tip Guide Wire can remain in place. It is not necessary to exchange the Ball-Tip Guide Wire for a Smooth Guide Wire. The new Ball-Tip Guide Wire with a gold-coated end can be pulled through all ITST Nail diameters, as well as mating instrumentation. The ball-tip will still be able to capture *Pressure Sentinel* reamer heads, if necessary.

Note: Reaming amounts will depend on the quality of the bone present, the minimum diameter of the femoral shaft, and the amount of femoral curvature present.

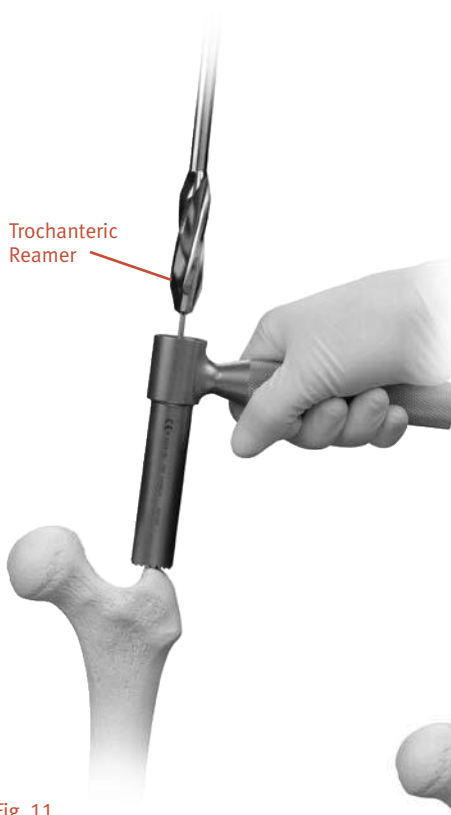


Fig. 11



Fig. 12

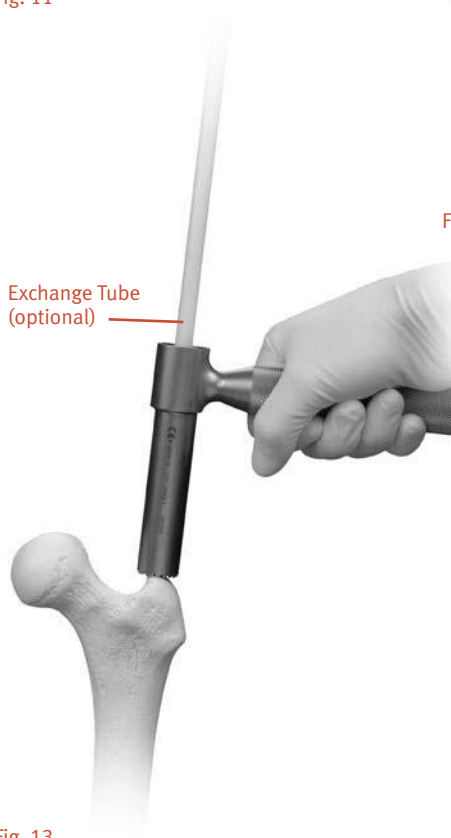


Fig. 13

Nail Assembly

Select the appropriate size *ITST* Femoral Nail.

Slide the *ITST* Locking Bolt through the barrel in the *ITST* Proximal Targeting Guide (Fig. 14). Approximate the nail to the external “keys” on the barrel of the *ITST* Proximal Targeting Guide.

Note: The Guide is universal and it is critical that the nail be properly aligned with the Guide for a Left or Right implant. Line up the keys of the Guide with the keyways of the nail so that they fit snugly (Fig. 15).

Place the T-Handled Locking Bolt Inserters into the guide barrel (Fig. 16).

Toggle and rotate the Inserters slightly until it seats into the teeth of the Locking Bolt. The etched arrow at the proximal rim of the nail should be exactly aligned with the arrow on the distal rim of the Targeting Guide (Fig. 17). Using downward pressure on the Locking Bolt Inserters, thread the Locking Bolt into the threads of the proximal end of the nail until secured. Completely tighten.



Fig. 14



Fig. 15

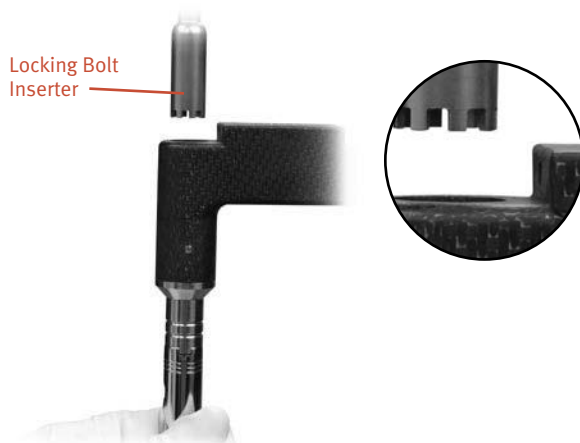


Fig. 16



Fig. 17

Nail Insertion

Note: Prior to inserting the implant, insert the two sets of Drill and Screw Bushings into the appropriate holes in the Targeting Guide. Slide a drill or guide pin through the Bushings, and through the screw holes in the implant to assess correct instrument assembly (Fig. 18).

Nail may be inserted by hand. If insertion can not be achieved by hand, please move to optional steps on page 9. Insert nail (assembled with targeting guide) into the femoral canal.

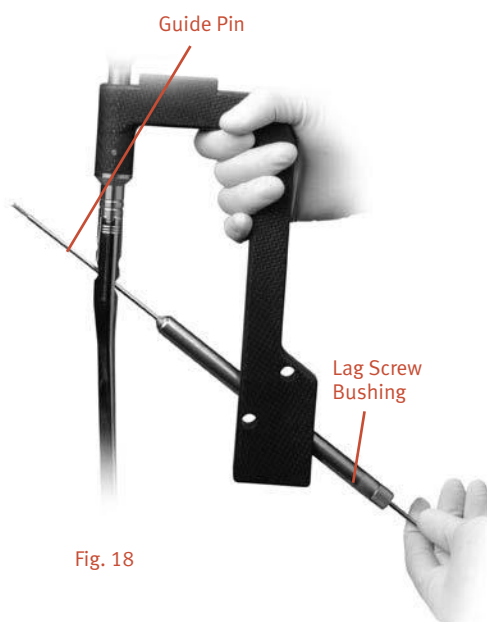


Fig. 18

Optional Nail Insertion

Attach the Driver Extension (Fig. 19) to the Targeting Guide (Fig. 20) by placing it into the Guide and sliding the Driver Extension Bolt down through the Driver Extension and into the Locking Bolt (Fig. 21). The Driver Extension is designed to be slightly off-axis from the Guide to assist the surgeon in impacting the implant away from the soft tissues. The Driver Extension attaches to the Locking Bolt by seating the teeth as done with Locking Bolt Inserters. Attach the Driver Extension to the threads of the Locking Bolt in the ITST Proximal Targeting Guide (Fig. 22). Tighten using the Pin Wrench to prevent disengagement.

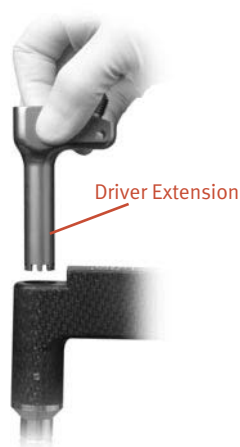


Fig. 19

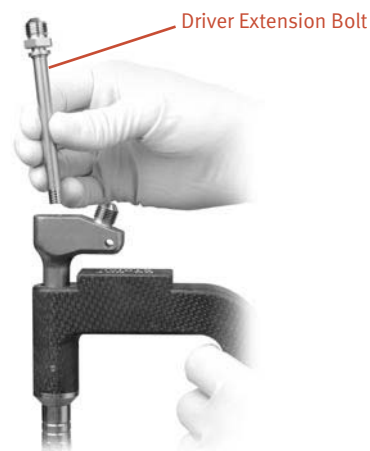


Fig. 21



Fig. 20



Fig. 22

Attach the Small or Long Threaded Driver to the Driver Extension (Fig. 23). This may be placed in-line or offset from the nail axis. Insert the nail into the canal using a series of gentle impactions, if necessary, on the Threaded Driver until the nail is seated at the desired depth (Fig. 24).

Note: Do not impact directly on the ITST Proximal Targeting Guide.

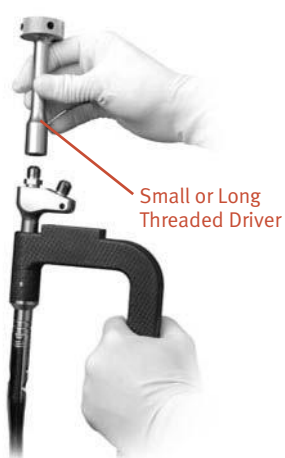


Fig. 23



Fig. 24

Monitoring Insertion

Monitor the progression of the nail down the canal using C-arm. A percutaneous 3.2mm Threaded Guide Pin may be placed along the anterior axis of the femoral neck to mark the correct anteversion (Fig. 25).

Align the Targeting Guide parallel to the percutaneous pin to assure that accurate implant anteversion has been achieved. Check the final position of the implant using C-arm. If the nail fails to progress easily down the canal, remove it, and use a smaller nail, or over-ream the canal in 0.5mm increments until the implant passes more easily down the femoral canal.

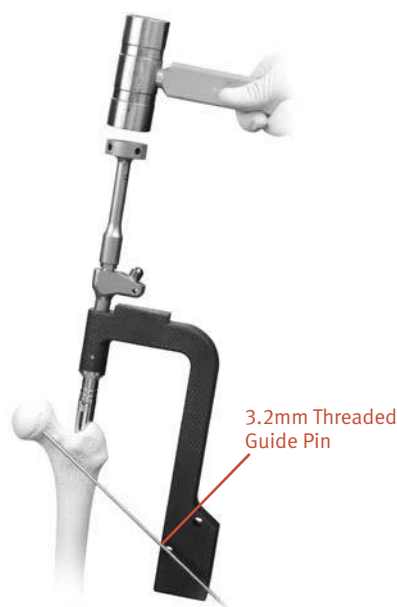


Fig. 25

Screw Options

The *ITST* Nail accommodates both an 11mm Lag Screw and a 6.5mm Anti-Rotation Screw. The Anti-Rotation Screw may be utilized in the case of certain fractures, where the bone stock and femoral neck/head bone stock is able to accommodate it. If only one screw is used, it must be the 11mm Lag Screw.

Note: The 6.5mm Anti-Rotation Screw may be used to enhance fracture stability if the femoral neck is able to accommodate it; however, it should not be used if there is any concern that the femoral head or neck bone will not accommodate it. Failure to appropriately consider femoral head/neck bone mass and quality could result in implant cut-out.

Lag Screw Positioning

The projected path of the Lag Screw into the Femoral Head should be assessed using the C-arm (Fig. 26). This may be verified using the Screw Position Outrigger and the 3.2mm Threaded Guide Pin. Assemble the Outrigger into the *ITST* Proximal Targeting Guide and place a Threaded Guide Pin into the Anteversion Verification Hole in the proximal portion of the Proximal Targeting Guide (Fig. 27). Verify under C-arm that the Guide Pin appears in the center of the femoral neck in a superior/lateral view (Fig. 28). This will help prevent any parallax error. The outer aspect of the windowed arm of the Outrigger, which lies directly over the femoral neck, represents the superior and inferior position of the Lag and Anti-Rotation Screws (Fig. 29).

If the nail anteversion requires adjustment, move the nail up or down the canal by gently impacting the Threaded Driver until the correct depth is achieved. Check the position of the nail with the C-arm. Adjusting nail depth may be useful in accommodating various femoral neck anatomies.

Note: If the C-arm is off axis, the alignment of the Outrigger may not accurately predict the position of Lag and Anti-Rotation Screws. In the event this occurs, adjust the position of the C-arm until it is on axis.



Fig. 26



Fig. 27



Fig. 28

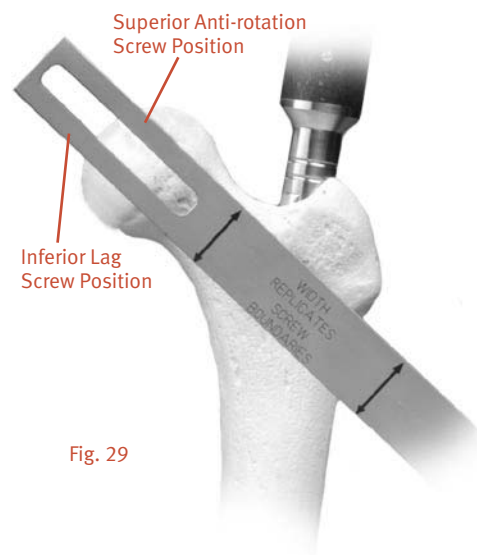


Fig. 29

Lag Screw Preparation

Note: The 6.5mm Anti-Rotation Screw may be used to enhance fracture stability if the femoral neck is able to accommodate it.

Remove the 3.2mm Guide Wire. Assemble the Lag Screw Pin Bushing and Lag Screw Bushing together and place the assembly into the **inferior** screw hole in the Targeting Guide (Fig. 30). Assemble the 3.2mm Guide Pin Bushing, the 5.0mm Drill Bushing and the 8.0mm Screw Bushing and insert the assembly into the **superior** screw hole in the Targeting Guide (Fig. 31). Make small incisions in the soft tissue and through the iliotibial band, down to the lateral cortex of the femur. Be certain that the bushings are firmly seated on the bone. Do not force the bushings or impact.

Insert a 3.2mm Threaded Guide Pin into the inferior set of bushings. Drill the Guide Pin to the level of the subchondral bone of the femoral head, without penetrating the femoral cortex (Fig. 32). Insert a Guide Pin into the superior set of bushings. The Screw Inserter Adapter may be used with this Guide Pin to prevent impingement on the adjacent Guide Pin during insertion (Fig. 33). Drill the Guide Pin to the level of the subchondral bone of the femoral head, without penetrating the femoral cortex. Assess the position of the Guide Pins using C-arm in the A/P and lateral planes.

Note: Ideally each Guide Pin should be situated well inside the femoral neck to allow adequate room for screw placement without contacting the cortical wall. If there is not sufficient cortical wall surrounding the Guide Pins on examination with the C-arm, the nail may be repositioned and implanted using only the Lag Screw.

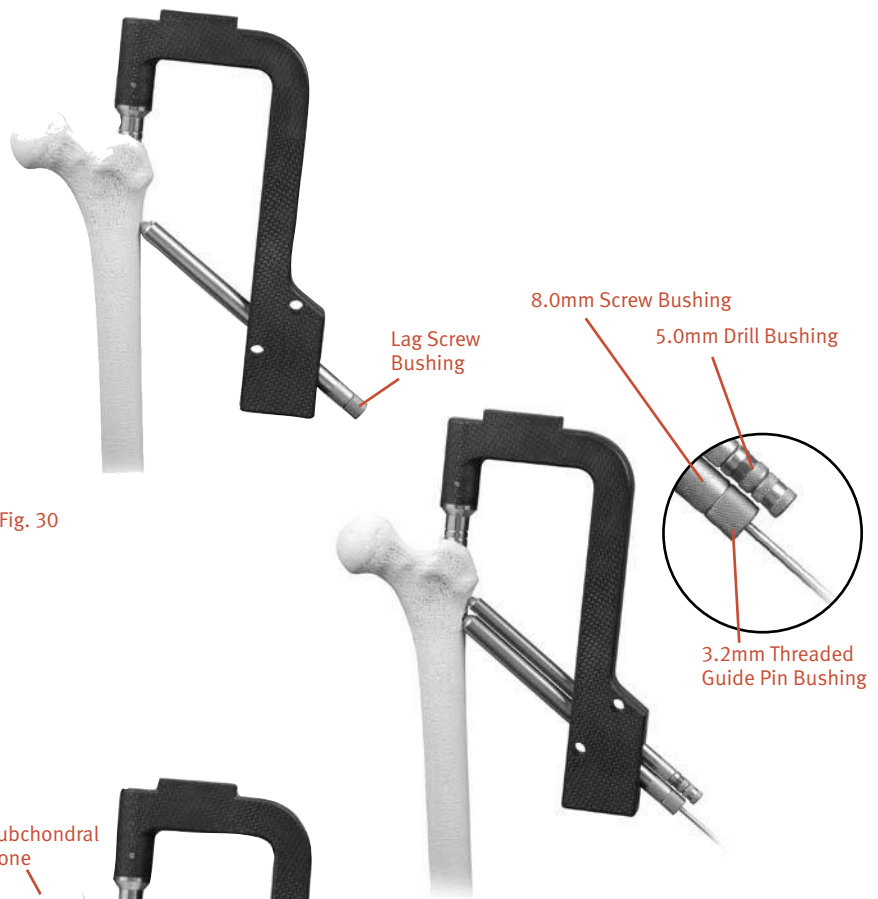


Fig. 30

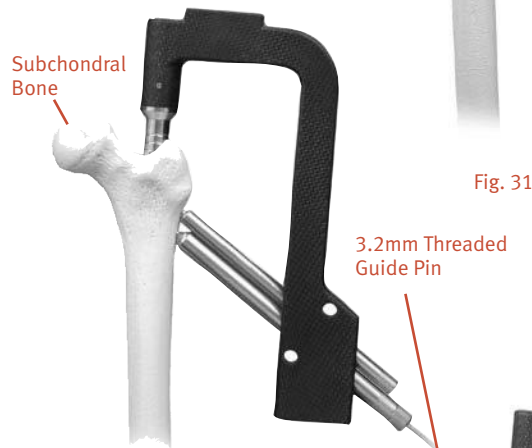


Fig. 31

Fig. 32

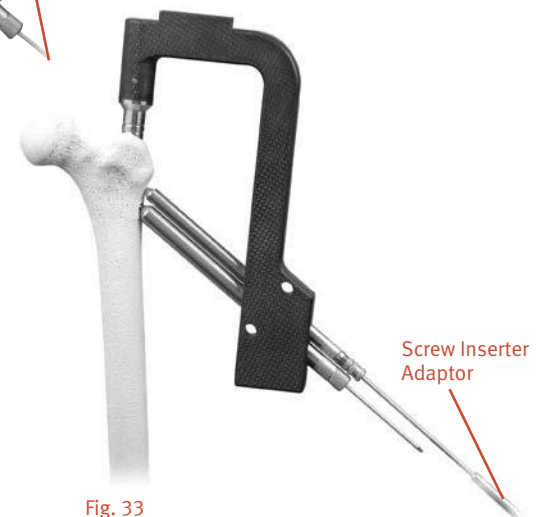


Fig. 33

Remove the Lag Screw Pin Bushing. Slide the Cannulated Depth Gauge over the lag screw Guide Pin, i.e. the inferior of the two guide pins, until the gauge contacts the lateral aspect of the femur (Fig. 34). Assess that the Gauge is seated against the bone using the C-arm. Read and record the length of the guide pin from the calibrated depth gauge.

Note: This measurement designates the correct length of the Lag Screw to be implanted (Fig. 35).

Slide the Stop Assembly onto the *ITST* Lag Screw Reamer, keeping the gold portion of the Stop Assembly toward the cutting end of the reamer (Fig. 36). Move the Stop Assembly along the incremented lengths listed on the reamer. Align the threaded end of the Stop Assembly with the notch denoting the appropriate length.

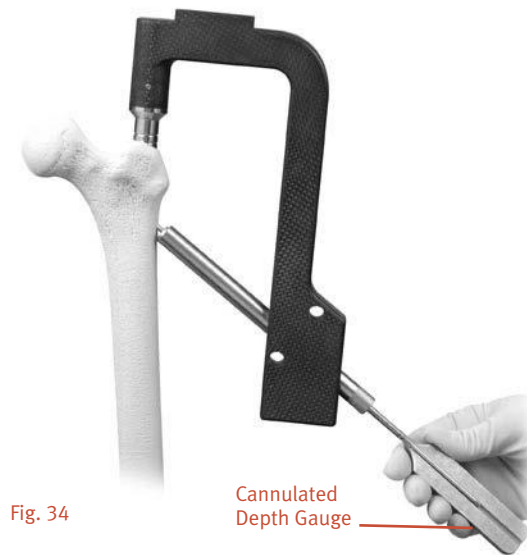
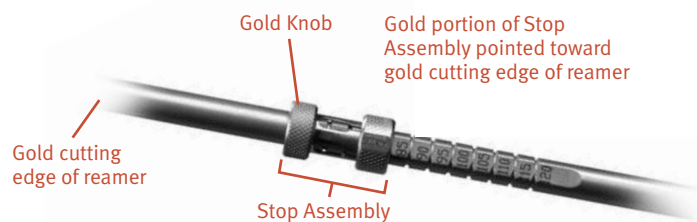
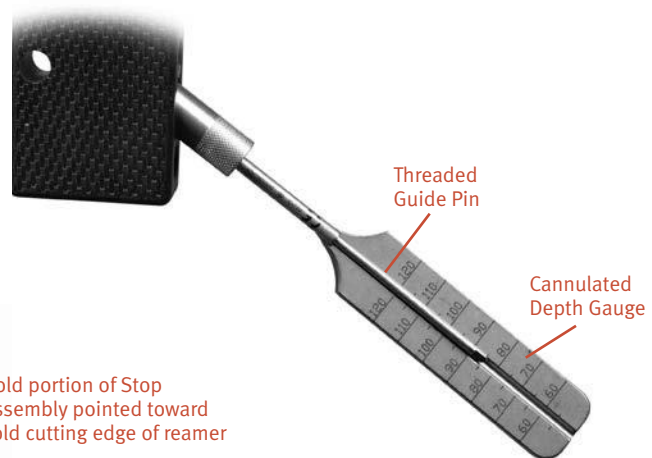


Fig. 35



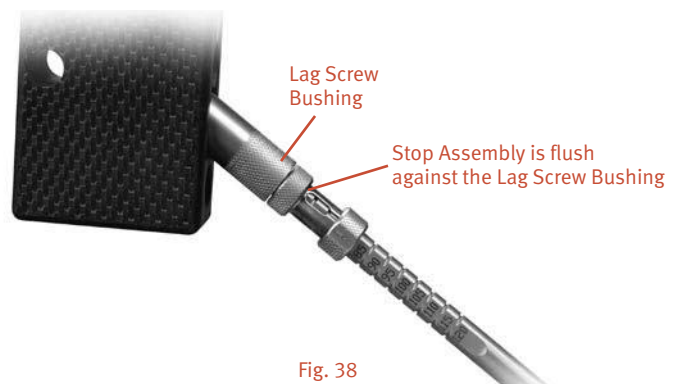
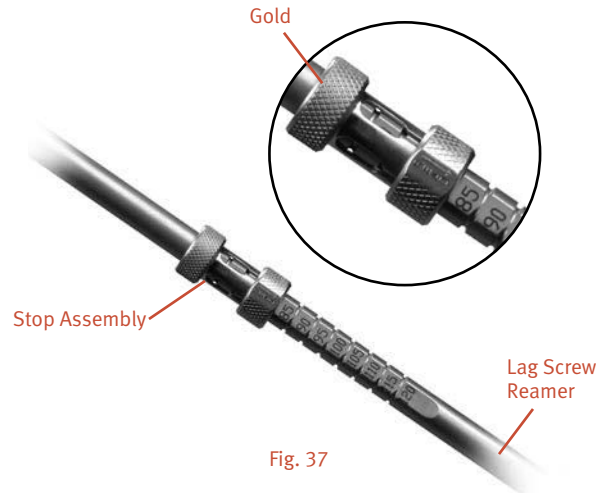
Lag Screw Reamer

Fig. 36

When the Stop Assembly is fully seated, the arrow on the Stop Assembly will indicate the appropriate depth level. This “length” corresponds to the measurement obtained from the guide pin (Fig. 37).

Place the *ITST* Lag Screw Reamer over the Guide Pin and seat it against the femoral cortex. Under power, advance the reamer until the Stop Assembly stops against the Lag Screw Bushing (Fig. 38). Monitor progress of the reamer using the C-arm. Remove the reamer.

Assemble the Lag Screw Tap by locking the Stop Assembly at the level of the appropriate measurement, in the same fashion as the Lag Screw Reamer. Place the Lag Screw Tap over the Guide Pin and through the Lag Screw Bushing. Advance the tap until the Stop Assembly stops against the collar of the Lag Screw Bushing (Fig. 39). Confirm Tap position with the C-arm.



Lag Screw Insertion With ITST Compression Device

If not using the ITST Compression Device, proceed to page 16.

Thread the Compressor onto the Lag Screw Compression Device T-Handle. Insert Compression Retainer through the Lag Screw Compression Device T-Handle (Fig. 40) and thread into the appropriate Lag Screw until it is securely fastened to the Lag Screw Compression Device T-Handle. Pass the Lag Screw Compression Device assembly through the Lag Screw Bushing and over the Guide Pin (Fig. 41). Thread Lag Screw to within 5mm of the subchondral bone, monitoring the Lag Screw advancement with the C-arm.

If planning to use a Nail Cap which prevents rotation or limits sliding, rotate the Lag Screw Compression Device T-Handle (Fig. 42) such that one of the four etched lines is in line with the etched line on the Proximal Targeting Guide.

After inserting the Lag Screw to the appropriate depth, confirm Lag Screw position using the C-arm. To begin compression of the femoral neck, begin advancing the Compressor clockwise against the Lag Screw Bushing (Fig. 43). The surgeon continues to advance the Compressor while monitoring femoral neck compression using the C-arm, until the desired fracture reduction is achieved.

After reduction, unthread the Compression Retainer from the Lag Screw. After removing the Compression Retainer, the Lag Screw Compression Device Assembly can be removed. Remove the Superior Guide Pin and Bushings if used. If using ITST Global Long Nail, remove Targeting Guide using the Pin Wrench and Locking Bolt



Fig. 40

(Replacement Part 00-2258-097-01)



Fig. 41

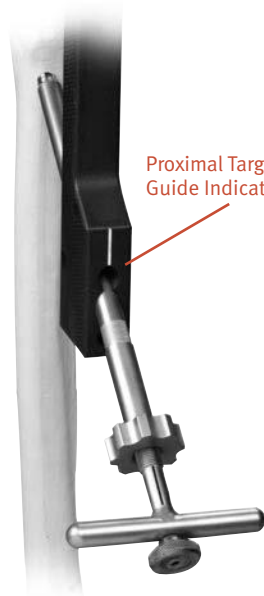


Fig. 42

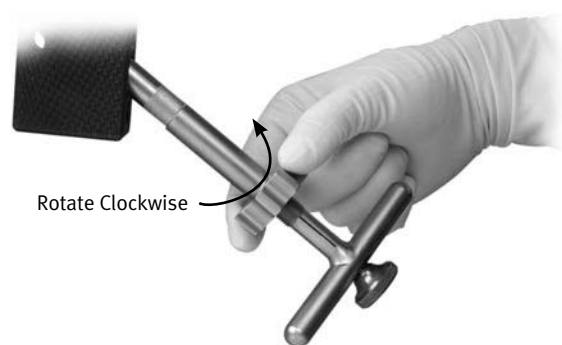


Fig. 43

Standard Lag Screw Insertion (Optional)

Thread the Inserter Link (Fig. 44) into the Lag Screw until securely fastened. Slide the Lag Screw Inserter Shaft over the Inserter Link (Fig. 45).

Insert this assembly over the Guide Pin. Thread the Lag Screw to within 5mm of the Subchondral bone. Rotate the Inserter Shaft (Fig. 46) and align one of the four etch lines on the Inserter Shaft with the indicator line on the Proximal Targeting Guide (Fig. 47). Check the Lag Screw position using the C-arm. Leave the Inserter Link attached to the Lag Screw (Fig. 48).



Fig. 44



Fig. 45

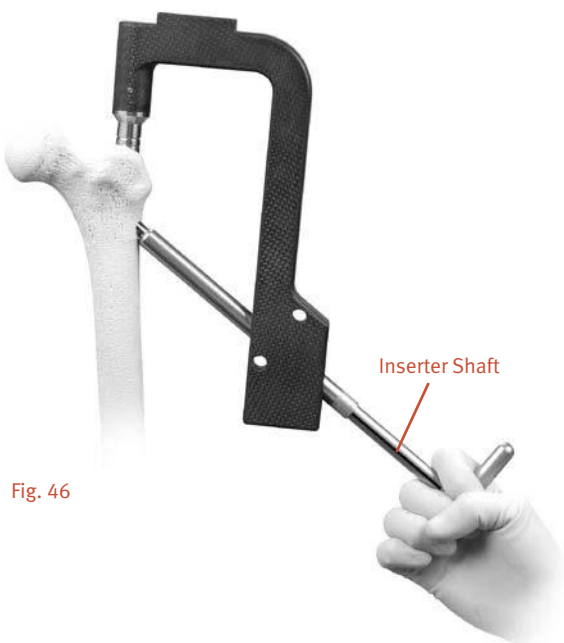


Fig. 46

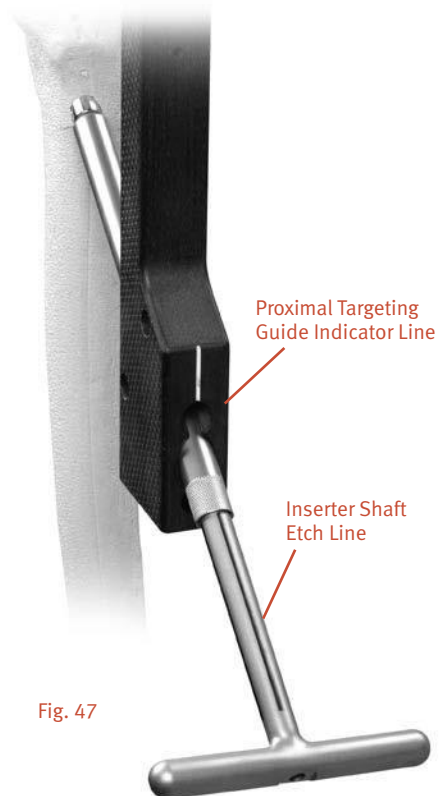


Fig. 47

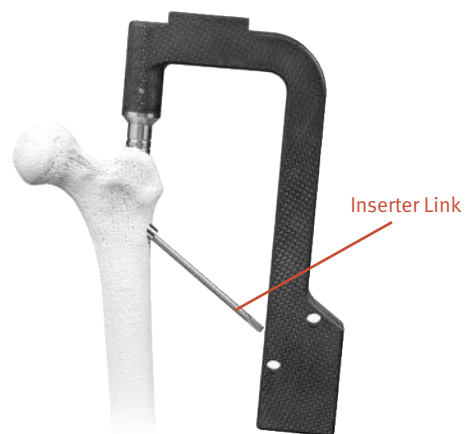


Fig. 48

Anti-Rotation Screw Insertion

Remove the 3.2mm Pin Bushing. Slide the Cannulated Depth Gauge over the Guide Pin, until the Gauge contacts the lateral aspect of the femur. Confirm the position of the Depth Gauge using the C-arm. Read the depth of the guide pin from the Cannulated Depth Gauge. The Anti-Rotation Screw length should be 15mm to 20mm shorter than the depth gauge measurement. This will provide the proper screw placement to help minimize femoral neck cutout* (Fig. 49). Remove the Guide Pin. Under C-arm control, drill into the femur with the 5.0mm Drill until the correct calibration on the drill is level with the outer collar of the Drill Bushing.

Remove the 5.0mm Drill Bushing and Drill. Insert the Anti-Rotation Screw using the 5.0mm T-Handle Screwdriver through the 8mm Screw Bushing and into the femoral head until seated. Placement of the screw should be monitored using the C-arm.



Fig. 49

* Baumgaertner, MR, et al., J Bone Joint Surg. AM. 1996 Sep; 78(9):1447-1448

**Distal Screw Fixation –
180mm / Short Nails**

With the Proximal Targeting Guide still in place, retighten the Locking Bolt if necessary. Assemble the appropriate Drill Bushing (see Table 1) into the 8.0mm Screw Bushing, and place the nested bushings through one of the distal targeting holes in the *ITST* Proximal Targeting Guide (Fig. 50). Make a small incision through the skin and fascia lata. Spread the soft tissue down to the bone. Advance the bushing until it contacts the lateral femoral cortex. Advance the appropriate size Drill through the bushings until both cortices of bone have been penetrated.

Note: If using the Calibrated 3.7mm or 5.0mm Drill, read calibrations from end of bushing to determine screw length.

Table 1.

ITST Global Nails 180mm	Diameter Distal Screw	Drill Size
10mm Nail	4.5mm Screw	3.7mm Drill
11mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill
12mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill
13mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill
14mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill
15mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill

ITST Global Nails 300-500mm	Diameter Distal Screw	Drill Size
10mm Nail	4.5mm Screw	3.7mm Drill
11mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill
12mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill
13mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill
14mm Nail	5.5mm Screw	5.0mm Drill



Fig. 50

Remove the Drill and Drill Bushing, and insert the *ITST* Screw Depth Gauge through the 8.0mm Screw Bushing until the gauge captures the far cortex of bone (Fig. 51, 52).

Read the measurement for the screw from the end of the depth gauge.

Note: Choose a screw length that is at least 2.5mm longer than the depth measured, to ensure that bicortical screw fixation is attained.

If the bone quality is good, it may be necessary to tap the channel using the 4.5mm Tap (Fig. 53).

Place the appropriate length Cortical Screw onto the 3.5mm T-Handle Hex Screwdriver and insert the screw into the bone through the 8.0mm Screw Bushing, until it is flush against the lateral cortex of the femur (Fig. 54). Confirm the position of the screw in the A/P and lateral views with the C-arm.

Place the second distal locking screw in the same fashion as the first.

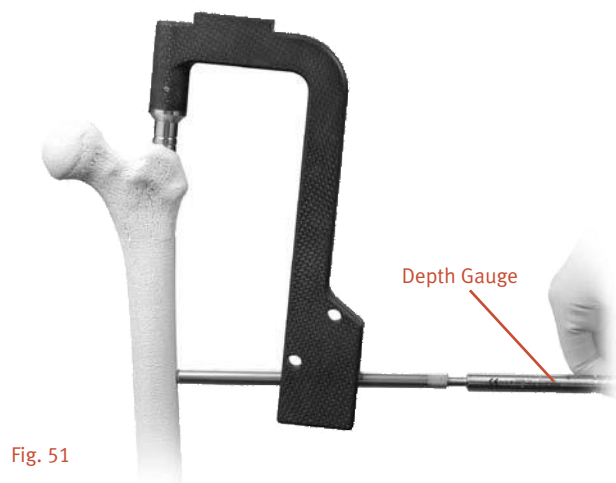


Fig. 51

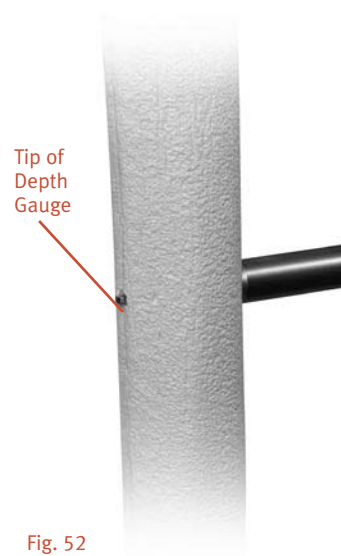


Fig. 52

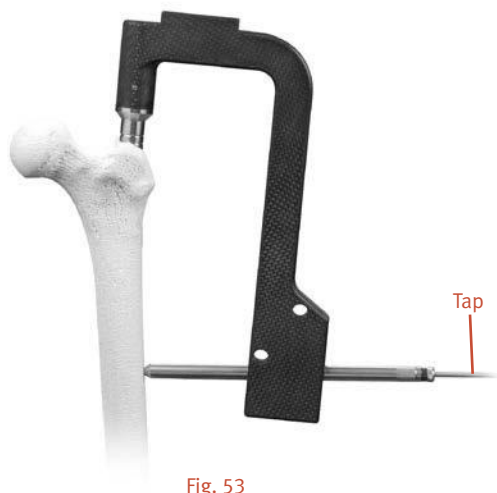


Fig. 53



Fig. 54

Distal Screw Fixation – Long Nails – Freehand Technique

The distal locking screws may be inserted with a freehand technique using the Freehand Targeting Device (Fig. 55). Insert a 3.7mm Drill (Color Code: Blue) for a 4.5mm screw, or insert a 5.0mm Drill (Color Code: Green) for 5.5mm screw into the Freehand Targeting Device. Finger tighten the set screw.

Choose the appropriate locking hole based on the need for dynamization. The superior locking hole on the *ITST* Nail is used for static locking, while the distal locking hole is used for dynamic locking. If static locking is preferred, but there is a potential need for later dynamization, insert screws in both locking holes. The locking screw in the static hole can then be removed to achieve later dynamization.

For success with this technique, proper placement of the lateral X-ray beam is critical. Position the C-arm so that the locking hole of the nail appears perfectly round on the monitor (Fig. 56 & 57).

When this is achieved, bring the tip of the 3.7mm Drill to the skin and use the C-arm to center it over the hole. Make a lateral stab wound opposite the appropriate locking hole, and dissect down to the bone. Bring the tip of the 3.7mm Drill to the bone and center it over the locking hole using the C-arm. Align the 3.7mm Drill with the axis of the X-ray beam. Drive the 3.7mm Drill into the bone and across the hole in the nail in line with the lateral X-ray beam (Fig. 58). Before drilling through the medial cortex, check the A/P and lateral C-arm image to assure that the drill is in the hole in the nail. Drill through the medial cortex (Fig. 59 & 60).

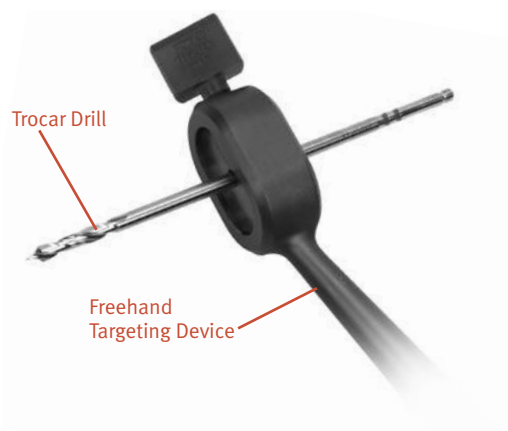


Fig. 55



Incorrect



Correct

Fig. 56



Incorrect



Correct

Fig. 57

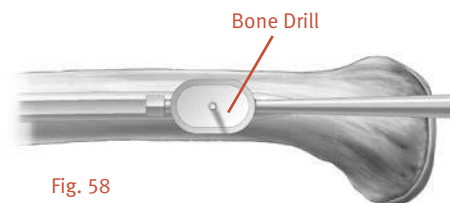


Fig. 58

Remove the Drill and insert the Distal Screw Depth Gauge (Fig. 61). The length of the screw is determined by reading it directly off the Distal Screw Depth Gauge.

Note: Select an appropriate length screw to ensure adequate engagement of the medial cortex.

Insert the appropriate size *M/DN*[®] Screw using the Distal Screwdriver (Fig. 62).

If desired, insert the second screw in the second locking hole of the nail in an identical manner. Check the position of both screws with the C-arm in the A/P and lateral planes (Fig. 63).

Bushings are available that can be used with the Freehand Targeting Device. A separate radiolucent Bushing Insert is available to aid in targeting.

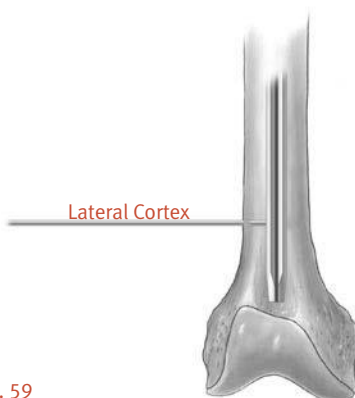


Fig. 59



Fig. 60

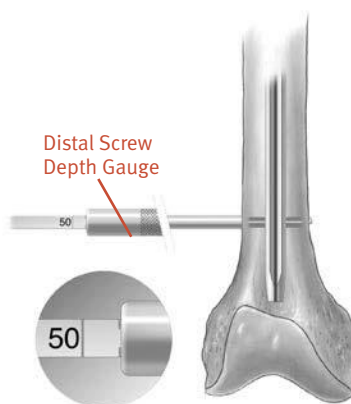


Fig. 61

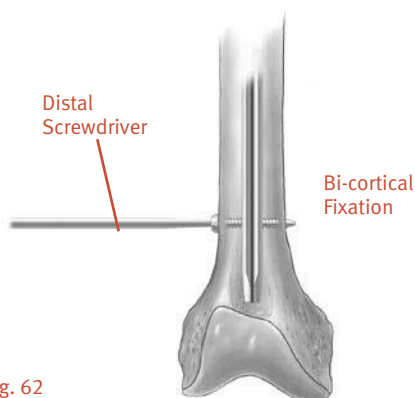


Fig. 62

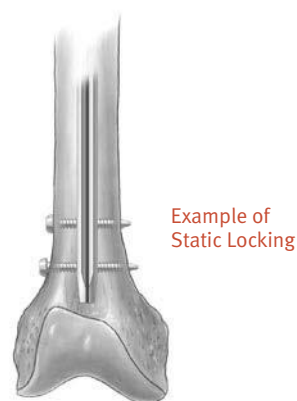


Fig. 63

Completion

Remove the *ITST* Proximal Targeting Guide and Driver Extension Bolt using the Pin Wrench or Socket Drive as shown. Remove the Locking Bolt using the Locking Bolt Extractor (Fig. 64). Take care to leave the Lag Screw Inserter Link in place for final Nail Cap seating.

Insert the appropriate Nail Cap: Neutral Nail Cap (Fig. 65), Sliding Nail Cap (Fig. 66), or Locking Nail Cap (Fig. 67) with the Nail Cap Inserter, or the One-Piece Nail Cap Inserter (Fig. 68, 69).

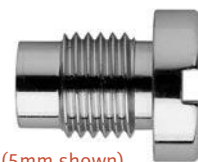


Fig. 65 Neutral Cap* (5mm shown)



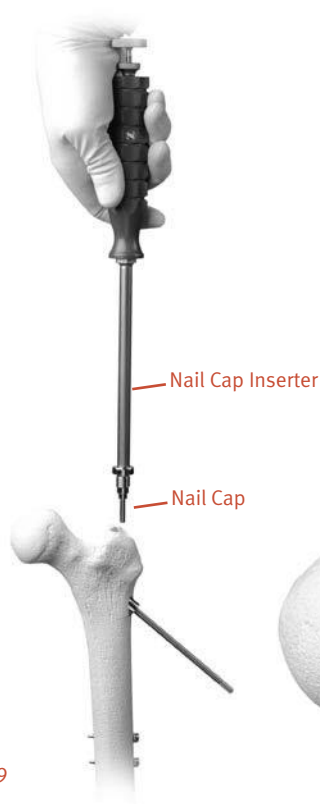
Fig. 66 Sliding Cap* (0mm shown)



Fig. 67 Locking Cap* (15mm shown)

* All Nail Caps are available in 0, 5, 10, 15, and 20mm head sizes.

Tighten until fully seated. If using a Sliding or Locking Cap, slide the Lag Screw Inserter Shaft over the Insert Link and into the Lag Screw (Fig. 68). Slowly rotate the Lag Screw Inserter and Nail Cap Inserter until the Nail Cap flange can be felt seating into one of the four lag screw shaft grooves (Fig. 70). (See Fig. 71 for Nail Cap Inserter options.)



Closure and Postoperative Care

Close the proximal wound and apply a soft compression dressing.

Early range of motion exercises of the knee and ankle are encouraged. Allow toe-touch weight bearing to progress to full weight bearing as fracture callus increases on the X-ray films, usually at six to eight weeks.

Extraction

In order to extract the nail, remove any existing distal screws with the 3.5mm T-Handle Hex Screwdriver. Remove the Nail Cap with the 5.0mm T-Handle Screwdriver. Make a small incision in the area of the existing proximal incision to expose the ends of the Lag Screw and Anti-Rotation Screw. Clear any bony ingrowth away from the Lag Screw hex, and thread the Retaining Shaft into the Lag Screw. Slide the Lag Screw Inserter into the Lag Screw, and tighten the Extraction Knob. Remove the lag screw, turning counter clockwise, with a slight backward pulling motion (Fig. 72). Once the Lag Screw has been removed, use the 5.0 mm T-Handled Hexdriver to remove the Anti-Rotation Screw.

Attach the Extractor Bolt into the nail (Fig. 73). Screw the Slaphammer onto the Extractor Bolt and remove the nail.

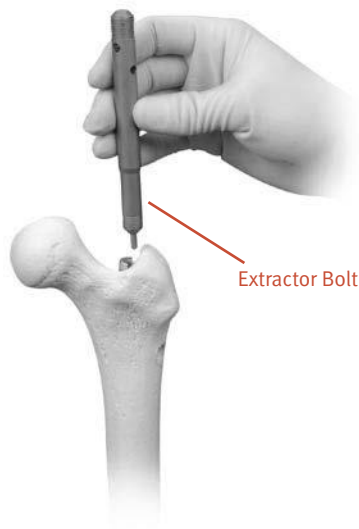
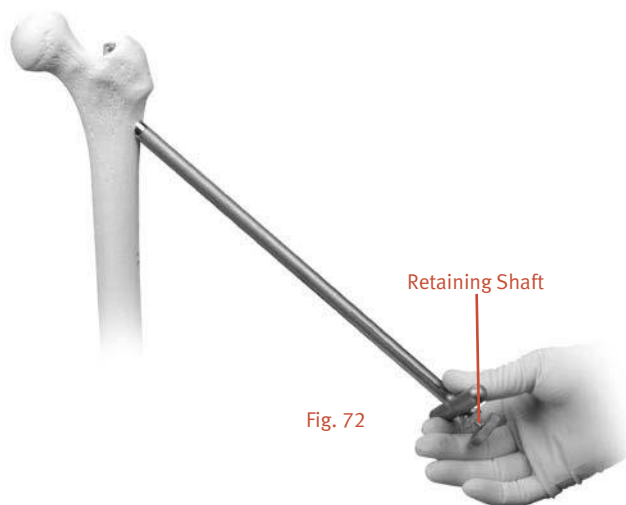


Fig. 73

Implant and Instrument Case Options

Prod. No.	Description	Size
00-2257-000-07	ITST Asia Set (contains the following)	
00-2256-180-10	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	10mmDX18cm
00-2256-180-11	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	11mmDX18cm
00-2256-180-12	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	12mmDX18cm
00-2256-180-13	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	13mmDX18cm
00-2256-180-14	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	14mmDX18cm
00-2256-180-15	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	15mmDX18cm
00-2257-000-05	ITST Global Short Set (contains the following)	
00-2257-180-10	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	10mmDX18cm
00-2257-180-11	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	11mmDX18cm
00-2257-180-12	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	12mmDX18cm
00-2257-180-13	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	13mmDX18cm
00-2257-180-14	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	14mmDX18cm
00-2257-180-15	Univ L/R Fem IM Nail	15mmDX18cm
00-2257-000-06	ITST Global Long Set (contains the following)	
00-2257-300-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX30cm
00-2257-300-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX30cm
00-2257-320-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX32cm
00-2257-320-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX32cm

00-2257-340-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX34cm
00-2257-340-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX34cm
00-2257-360-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX36cm
00-2257-360-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX36cm
00-2257-380-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX38cm
00-2257-380-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX38cm
00-2257-400-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX40cm
00-2257-400-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX40cm

00-2257-420-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX42cm
00-2257-420-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX42cm
00-2257-440-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX44cm
00-2257-440-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX44cm
00-2257-460-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX46cm
00-2257-460-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX46cm
00-2257-480-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX48cm
00-2257-480-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX48cm
00-2257-500-00	Left Fem IM Nail	10mmDX50cm
00-2257-500-01	Left Fem IM Nail	11mmDX50cm
00-2257-500-02	Left Fem IM Nail	12mmDX50cm

00-2257-500-03	Left Fem IM Nail	13mmDX50cm
00-2257-500-04	Left Fem IM Nail	14mmDX50cm
00-2257-500-10	Right Fem IM Nail	10mmDX50cm
00-2257-500-11	Right Fem IM Nail	11mmDX50cm
00-2257-500-12	Right Fem IM Nail	12mmDX50cm
00-2257-500-13	Right Fem IM Nail	13mmDX50cm
00-2257-500-14	Right Fem IM Nail	14mmDX50cm

Nail Caps

00-2259-007-00	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Slide Nail Cap	0mm
00-2259-007-05	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Slide Nail Cap	5mm
00-2259-007-10	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Slide Nail Cap	10mm
00-2259-007-15	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Slide Nail Cap	15mm
00-2259-007-20	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Slide Nail Cap	20mm
00-2259-008-00	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Lock Nail Cap	0mm
00-2259-008-05	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Lock Nail Cap	5mm
00-2259-008-10	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Lock Nail Cap	10mm
00-2259-008-15	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Lock Nail Cap	15mm
00-2259-008-20	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece Lock Nail Cap	20mm
00-2259-009-00	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece NTRL Nail Cap	0mm
00-2259-009-05	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece NTRL Nail Cap	5mm
00-2259-009-10	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece NTRL Nail Cap	10mm
00-2259-009-15	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece NTRL Nail Cap	15mm
00-2259-009-20	<i>ITST</i> 1-Piece NTRL Nail Cap	20mm

00-2257-000-09 Anti-Rotation Screws (contains the following)

00-2257-060-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX60mm
00-2257-065-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX65mm
00-2257-070-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX70mm
00-2257-075-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX75mm
00-2257-080-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX80mm
00-2257-085-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX85mm
00-2257-090-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX90mm
00-2257-095-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX95mm
00-2257-100-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX100mm
00-2257-105-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX105mm
00-2257-110-65	<i>ITST</i> Anti-Rotation Screw	6.5mmDX110mm

ITST Asia Lag Screws

00-2256-002-27	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX70mm
00-2256-002-30	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX75mm
00-2256-002-32	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX80mm
00-2256-002-35	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX85mm
00-2256-002-37	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX90mm
00-2256-002-40	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX95mm
00-2256-002-42	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX100mm

00-2256-002-45	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX105mm
00-2256-002-47	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX110mm
00-2256-002-50	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX115mm
00-2256-002-52	Asia 1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX120mm
ITST Standard Lag Screws		
00-2259-001-27	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX70mm
00-2259-001-30	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX75mm
00-2259-001-32	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX80mm
00-2259-001-35	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX85mm
00-2259-001-37	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX90mm
00-2259-001-40	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX95mm
00-2259-001-42	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX100mm
00-2259-001-45	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX105mm
00-2259-001-47	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX110mm
00-2259-001-50	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX115mm
00-2259-001-52	1-Piece Lag Screw	11mmDX120mm
00-2258-000-02	ITST Short Nail Instrument Set (includes all of the following listed below)	
00-2258-005-00	ITST Short Nail Instrument Case	
00-2237-053-00	Wire Grip T-Handle	
00-2237-061-00	Long Cannulated Awl	
00-2255-028-00	Pin Wrench (1 only)	
00-2255-038-00	T-Handle	
00-2255-060-00	Perc Trochanteric Reamer	
00-2258-050-00	ITST Taper Reamer	
00-2258-051-01	Locking Bolt Extractor	
00-2258-051-02	Locking Bolt Insertor	
00-2258-053-00	(Lag) Screw Position Outrigger	
00-2258-067-00	3.2mm Threaded Guide Pin (Qty: 3)	
00-2258-090-00	ITST Cannula	
00-2258-091-00	ITST Centering Bushing	
00-2258-092-01	Linked Nail Cap Insertor	
00-2258-096-00	U-Joint Sleeve	
00-5791-049-00	Screw Insertor Adapter	
00-2255-013-00	T-Handle HxHD Screwdriver (3.5mm)	
00-2258-051-00	Locking Bolts (Qty: 2)	
00-2258-052-01	ITST Targeting Guide	
00-2258-054-00	Threaded Guide Pin Bushing	
00-2258-056-00	ITST Lag Screw Bushing	
00-2258-057-00	Cannulated Depth Gauge	

00-2258-058-00	Lag Screw Reamer
00-2258-059-00	Lag Screw Tap
00-2258-062-00	Stop Assembly (Qty: 2)
00-2258-068-32	ITST 3.2 Bushing
00-2258-068-50	ITST 5.0mm Drill Bushing
00-2258-068-80	ITST 8.0mm Screw Bushing (Qty: 2)
00-2258-069-50	ITST 5.0mm Femoral Drill
00-2258-097-00	ITST Lag Screw Compression Device
00-2258-000-03	ITST Accessory Instrument Set (includes all of the following listed below)
00-2258-010-00	ITST Accessory Instrument Case
00-2237-043-00	5.0mm T-Handle Screwdriver
00-2237-062-00	Long Threaded Driver
00-2237-064-00	Nail Length Gauge
00-2255-015-01	Wand Insert
00-2255-015-02	Wand Set Screw
00-2255-015-03	Wand Handle
00-2255-018-00	Distal Screw Depth Gauge (short)
00-2255-033-37	3.7mm Distal Trocar Drill (Qty: 2)
00-2255-033-50	5.0mm Distal Trocar Drill (Qty: 2)
00-2255-034-00	Reduction Finger
00-2258-068-37	ITST 3.7mm Drill Bushing
00-2258-069-37	ITST 3.7mm Drill
00-2258-071-45	ITST 4.5mm Screw Tap
00-2258-072-00	ITST Screw Depth Gauge (long)
00-2258-077-00	Driver Extension
00-2258-078-00	Driver Extension Bolt (Qty: 1)
Optional ITST Instrumentation	
00-4816-060-00	Straight Ball Spike Pusher
00-4817-011-00	Medium Bone Hook (Shoulder Hook)
00-2258-092-00	ITST One-Piece Nail Cap Insertor
00-2258-092-01	ITST Linked Nail Cap Insertor
00-2258-097-00	ITST Lag Screw Compression Assembly (Note: 00-2258-097-00 includes: Compression Device T-Handle, Compressor, Compression Retainer.)
00-2258-097-01	Compression Retainer (Replacement Part)
00-2258-000-01	ITST Asia Instrument Set* (set includes all instruments and case)
00-2258-050-01	ITST Asia Taper Reamer
00-2258-052-02	ITST Asia Targeting Guide

Contact your Zimmer representative or visit us at www.zimmer.com

